# Relationships & Sex Education Policy

# THE HUB SCHOOL



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#### 1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- > Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies
- > Help keep students safe from harmful sexual behavior including sending and receiving nudes
- > Give students an awareness about Domestic Abuse and F.G.M.

# 2. Statutory requirements

As a school that provides primary provision, we must provide relationships education to all pupils under section 34 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017.

We are not required to follow the National Curriculum, but we are expected to offer all pupils a curriculum that is similar to the National Curriculum including requirements to teach science. This would include the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

As a school that provide secondary provision, we must provide RSE to all pupils under section 34 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017.

In teaching RSE, we're required by our funding agreements to have regard to <u>guidance</u> issued by the secretary of state, as outlined in section 403 of the Education Act 1996.

We also have regard to legal duties set out in:

- Sections 406 and 407 of the Education Act 1996
- Part 6, chapter 1 of the Equality Act 2010
- The Public Sector Equality Duty (as set out in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010). This duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different people when carrying out their activities

At The Hub School we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

## 3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents/carers. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review a member of staff or working group pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents/carers and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy
- 4. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

#### 4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

#### 5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1, but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents/carers, pupils and staff, and taking into account the age, developmental stage, needs and feelings of our pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so that pupils are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

We will share all curriculum materials with parents and carers upon request.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- > Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- > How a baby is conceived and born

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1 and on our website

### 6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within our project 5 curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum and RE aspects are included in Project 5.

#### **Primary Phase**

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships, including friendships
- > Online relationships
- > Being safe

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

#### Secondary Phase:

RSE is taught within the Project 5 curriculum and the key stage 4 PSHE curriculum and biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum and RE aspects are included in Project 5.

Students also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by a trained health professional.

RSE focuses on giving young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds including:

- > Families
- > Respectful relationships, including friendships
- > Online and media
- > Being safe
- > Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to make sure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents and foster parents/carers, amongst other structures), along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example, looked-after children or young carers).

We will also be mindful of the law and legal requirements, taking care not to condone or encourage illegal political activity, such as violent action against people, criminal damage to property, hate crime, terrorism or the illegal use of drugs.

#### 6.1 Inclusivity

We will teach about these topics in a manner that:

- > Considers how a diverse range of pupils will relate to them
- > Is sensitive to all pupils' experiences
- > During lessons, makes pupils feel:
  - Safe and supported
  - Able to engage with the key messages

We will also:

- Make sure that pupils learn about these topics in an environment that's appropriate for them, for example in:
  - o A whole-class setting
  - Small groups or targeted sessions
  - 1-to-1 discussions
  - o Digital formats
- > Give careful consideration to the level of differentiation needed and provide a range of resources appropriate to the needs of each student, without compromising on the content delivered

#### 6.2 Use of resources

We will consider whether any resources we plan to use:

- Are aligned with the teaching requirements set out in the statutory RSE guidance
- Would support pupils in applying their knowledge in different contexts and settings
- Are age-appropriate, given the age, developmental stage and background of our pupils
- o Are evidence-based and contain robust facts and statistics
- Fit into our curriculum plan
- Are from credible sources
- Are compatible with effective teaching approaches
- o Are sensitive to pupils' experiences and won't provoke distress

# 7. Use of external organisations and materials

We will make sure that an agency and any materials used are appropriate and in line with our legal duties around political impartiality.

The school remains responsible for what is said to pupils. This includes making sure that any speakers, tools and resources used don't undermine the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

#### We will:

- Make appropriate checks and engage with external agencies to make sure that their approach to teaching about RSE is balanced, and it and the resources they intend to use:
  - Are age-appropriate
  - o Are in line with pupils' developmental stage
  - o Comply with:
    - This policy
    - The Teachers' Standards
    - The Equality Act 2010
    - The <u>Human Rights Act 1998</u>
    - The Education Act 1996
- > Only work with external agencies where we have full confidence in the agency, its approach and the resources it uses
- Make sure that any speakers and resources meet the intended outcome of the relevant part of the curriculum

- > Review any case study materials and look for feedback from other people the agency has worked with
- > Be clear on:
  - What they're going to say
  - Their position on the issues to be discussed
- > Ask to see in advance any materials that the agency may use
- > Know the named individuals who will be there, and follow our usual safeguarding procedures for these people
- > Conduct a basic online search and address anything that may be of concern to us, or to parents and carers
- > Check the agency's protocol for taking pictures or using any personal data they might get from a session
- > Remind teachers that they can say "no" or, in extreme cases, stop a session
- > Make sure that the teacher is in the room during any sessions with external speakers
- > Share all external materials with parents and carers

We won't, under any circumstances:

- > Work with external agencies that take or promote extreme political positions
- > Use materials produced by such agencies, even if the material itself is not extreme

## 8. Roles and responsibilities

#### 8.1 The local governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

#### 8.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, for sharing resources and materials with parents and carers, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from [non-statutory/non-science] components of RSE (see section 9).

#### 8.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- > Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- > Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents/carers wish them to be withdrawn from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of RSE
- > Attending the termly CPD session offered to ensure that they are equipped to teach the content, voice any concerns and identify any pupils who may be particularly affected by sensitive content

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

All members of staff may teach RSE depending on their allocated timetable

#### 8.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

# 9. Parents' right to withdraw

**Primary Phase** 

Parents/carers do not have the right to withdraw their child from relationships education.

Parents/carers have the right to withdraw their child from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative school work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

#### Secondary Phase

Parents/carers have the right to withdraw their child from the [non-statutory/non-science] components of sex education within RSE up to and until 3 terms before the child turns 16. After this point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than being withdrawn, the school will arrange this.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The headteacher will discuss the request with parents/carers and take appropriate action.

Alternative school work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

# 10. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

# 11. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by School Development and Senior Leaders through:

Work scrutiny, lesson observations, learning walks and curriculum reviews

Pupils development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by Headteacher. At every review, the policy will be approved by the Local Governing Board

## **Appendix 1: Curriculum map**

# Relationships and sex education curriculum map

All our Project 5 topics have a foundation in relationships and friendships. Sex education is non-statutory in KS2 and therefore not part of our core offer to students. Any delivery of sex education at KS2 would be individual bespoke adaptions to help meet student needs following consultation with professionals, parents/carers

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Getting to know you	Team Building	Enterprise	Community	Designing team games	Summer Olympics
Year 5	Students will get to know their peers through different challenges in a range of different environments & settings.	Students will learn the importance of teamwork and how to effectively work as part of a team.	Students will learn the fundamentals of running a successful enterprise business including profit, loss & sustainability.	Students will learn about the importance of community, the different communities within the local area and how to give back to their school community.	Students will design their own team games taking into consideration the rules, laws and tactics of the game. They will also have to create their own scoring system.	Students will take part in a wide range of Olympic sports learning how to stay safe whilst using new equipment, learning new skills & techniques as well as scoring systems.
	Getting to know you	Christmas	Enterprise	Community	Designing team games	Summer Olympics
Year 6	Students will get to know their peers through different challenges in a range of different environments & settings.	Students will learn about Christmas as a religious celebration & will be able to make their own Christmas decorations.	Students will continue to build on their knowledge of Enterprise & how to maintain a sustainable business. Students will run their own business & see how much profit can be made.	Students will learn about the importance of community, the different communities within the local area and how to give back to their school community.	Students will be able to design their own team games taking into consideration the rules, laws, tactics & scoring systems. They will be able to design the games with increased levels of independence & confidence	Students will take part in a wide range of Olympic sports learning how to stay safe whilst using new equipment, learning new skills & techniques as well as scoring systems.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Relationships, Respect, Team building	Health, wellbeing and safety	Feelings, emotions and mental health	Diversity, Bullying and Inclusion	Beliefs and attitudes	Life choices and the wider world
Yr 7	Students will be supported through their transition into secondary school & develop the key interpersonal skills of building relationships & respect. Through a series of lessons focusing on team building & game playing.	Students will investigate factors that affect their mental & physical health, whilst developing their understanding of friendships & intimate relationships. Students will discover how their body changes during puberty & that we develop romantic feelings & the necessity for personal hygiene. Contraception, consent & parenthood will be explored.	Students will be able to identify & express a range of different feelings & emotions. Awareness of different Mental Health issues will be raised. Through the medium of music, sensory play & other therapeutic activities, and EWB strategies, students will develop coping strategies to support their own mental wellbeing.	Students will broaden their knowledge of the diverse world and prejudice within it. They will delve into behaviours that constitute bullying and the effects thereof. Students will take part in range of different team games with a different partner to help to build relationships & overcome personal differences. They will explore fashion within different cultures and design their own costume dress to further their understanding of the wider world.	Students will explore the origin of beliefs & myths & how these can interrelate & evolve over time and their true origin can often be lost as with Easter & Christmas.  A series of films, stories, pantomime, drama will be utilised. Students will make a Religions Top Trumps game to develop their understanding tolerance & respect. Our sense of world community will be developed through a series of practical work	Students will learn how to express their feelings, whilst respecting differences of opinion & religion & embracing different cultures, through their music, art & food. Students will understand that different countries have different rules & laws. Some students will look at the influence other cultures have had on our own and learn to perform music and drama pieces and create art to demonstrate this
	Community risks and online safety	Enterprise – Carnival Games & Casino	Life choices and direction	Developing skills and aspirations	Discrimination overview	Healthy lifestyles and first aid
Yr 8	Students will learn how to keep safe online and how to set private settings They will discuss that rules keep us safe	Students will learn how to care for the environment when we design new products and how to budget for a weekly shop	Students will learn about relationships and avoiding exploitation. They will learn about the dangers of drugs and controlling their temper	Students will think about what interests them and what careers might be suitable for them. They will also develop basic life skills, telling the time, fastening a tie and show laces, reading a timetable.	Students will learn about discrimination and how it feels to be discriminated against from an Earth Evacuation scenario, where they are immigrants on one of 3 new planets	Students will investigate how lifestyle choices affect their health. They will undertake a first aid course and basic food hygiene.

	Relationships, Respect – The Hub Olympics	Enterprise - Dragons Den	Worldviews	Exploring Influence	Decision Making & Life skills	Careers & Options Carousel
Yr 9	Students will develop their interpersonal skills, building relationships with peers and showing respect, kindness and team spirit through games and challenges. They will show respect for game rules and work together, effectively as a team. Students will be able to articulate what they are good at and how they have improved since year 7	Students will develop their knowledge of enterprise and how to make a small business. They will develop knowledge of profit and loss and understanding what a good business model is.	Students will learn about different cultures, what traditions those cultures may have including music, sport, food and flags. They will explore how the traditions originated and how views may have changed or stayed the same over time. This builds on the work done in year 7 and 8 on beliefs and attitudes.	Students will explore what influences them and will consider why. Students will also explore the influences on the modern world such as technological developments, food, travel and the world wide web.	Students will have previous experiences of making decisions throughout their school lives. Students will continue to build on these skills and will learn skills in which they will use when they are living with increased levels of independence	Students will experience the different KS4 options available by undertaking a carousel of subject focused, taster lessons, with a greater focus on D of E. They will do 1 lesson for each option over a 2-week period. Students will consider career pathways and research Salary & qualification requirements as well as writing their own C.V.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 10			Relationships and Sex Education		Health and Wellbeing  Future Me	
Year 11	Finances and Goals		Safety a	nd Risk	Is our world fair?	

# Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
people who care about me	• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
friendships	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships	• The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	The conventions of courtesy and manners
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
	About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults
Online	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
relationships	• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
	The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
	How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
	How information and data is shared and used online
Being safe	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
	About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
	That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other contact
	How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know
	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
	How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard
	How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
	Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources

# Appendix 2: By the end of secondary school KS3 pupils should know

# By the end of secondary school KS4 pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families	That there are different types of committed, stable relationships
	How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children
	• What marriage is, including their legal status, e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony
	Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into
	The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships
	The roles and responsibilities of parents/carers with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting
	• How to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed
Respectful relationships, including	• The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship
friendships	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	• How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice)
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs
	About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help
	That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control
	What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable
	• The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Online and media	Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online
	About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online
	Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them
	What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online
	The impact of viewing harmful content
	• That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners
	That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail
	How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online
Being safe	The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships
	How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online)

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Intimate and sexual	How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship
relationships, including sexual health	• That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing
Health	The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women
	• That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others
	That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex
	The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available
	The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage
	• That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help)
	• How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing
	About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment
	How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour
	How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment

# Appendix 3: Parent/carer form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLET	ED BY PARENTS/CARERS				
Name of child		Class			
Name of parent/carer		Date			
Reason for withdra	awing from sex education with	in relationsh	ips and sex education		
Any other informa	tion you would like the school t	to consider			
Parent signature					
TO BE COMPLET	ED BY THE SCHOOL				
Agreed actions from discussion					
with parents/carers					